General Description
The Canfield Connector Series 7000 Reed and Electronic switches are designed to fit 2" to 8" bore NFPA tie rod and 2" to 4" bore round cylinders. With a voltage range of 1 to 240V AC/DC, either normally open or normally closed and an array of electrical connections, the Series 7000 will sense most magnetic sensing applications with one switch type. Available in either Electronic or Reed in the same size package, the Series 7000 also handles higher current (up to 4 Amps) applications eliminating the need for a relay.

Switch Styles

3 Pin Automotive Connector
Style 3

12 mm Quick Connect
Style 5

1/2" Conduit Hub
Style 2

5 Pin Automotive Connector
Style 4

Installation Tips
1. Current & voltage demands of the load must NOT exceed the current & voltage ratings of the selected switch (shown on the enclosed wiring diagram). Failure to use proper load will ruin the switch. For DC voltages always observe polarity.
2. Two wire versions can not be connected directly across the power supply without a series load. Failure to use a series load will damage the switch and possibly the power supply.
3. Never test switch with a filament light bulb as a load. Severe inrush currents will impair the switch or cause premature failure.
4. There are three types of loads:
   - resistive (PC or PLC)
   - capacitive (long wire runs)
   - inductive (solenoids)
5. The shorter the wire runs, the lower the capacitive load and the longer the switch life.
6. Always keep the area around the switch clean and free from potentially magnetic field carrying debris. The switches actuate on magnetic fields produced from the cylinder position. Stray magnetism can give unwanted switch actuation or change the switch point.
7. When using the switch to actuate a solenoid, always use a surge suppression version and/or Canfield MPC solenoid valve surge suppression connectors. Without surge suppression, large inductive spikes can severely limit switch life expectancy.
8. Use the switch to indicate end of physical stroke. Do not rely on switch alone to stop cylinder travel.
9. Be sure the sensing area of the switch is installed completely against the cylinder wall.
10. Some Reed and Electronic switches are equipped with indicator lights. Their light always depicts an output voltage from the switch. On these versions, the two wire hook-up necessitates a minimum current load rating which must be enough to light the LED(@ 0.005 Amps). Three wire hook-up versions take no minimum current rating to light the LED.
Installation Instructions

1. Connect Reed Switch to the cylinder as shown below, according to proper clamp style. Hand tighten clamp only, allowing adjustment of sensor position on cylinder.

2. Connect wiring as per enclosed diagram.

3. While operating cylinder, adjust sensor to desired position. Firmly secure clamp assembly, once desired results are achieved.

Clamp Styles

(Mix and match with switch styles)

**Universal 2" to 6" Bore**
NFPA Tie Rod

![Cross-sectional view of cylinder]

Shown on 1/2" Conduit Switch

**6" to 8" Bore NFPA Tie Rod**

![Cross-sectional view of cylinder]

Shown on Standard Switch

**1-9/16" to 4" Round Cylinder**

![Cross-sectional view of cylinder]

Shown on Sub-Micro DIN Switch

Mechanical Installation

Universal clamp, both Hall & Reed devices

#8-32 SH Stainless cap screw

9/64" Allen wrench

Recommended torque
6 - 10 in-lbs

Do Not Exceed
25 in-lbs torque

Do not over tighten clamping screw as damage could result to the switch.

Universal Clamp for Round Cylinders

Hose clamp must be invisible to magnetism. Use marine grade clamps only. 300 series stainless.

![Cylinder Cross-Sectional]

Do not over tighten hose clamp. Max. torque 3 flbs.

WARNING: Do not use in life or limb threatening applications. Severe injury could result.

Test the switches on your cylinder first as Canfield Connector has designed the switch to be used well within the magnetic gauss ratings of most cylinder manufacturers. Canfield Connector takes no liability for improper cylinder design or assembly. Note also that Electronic magnets and Reed magnets differ. The magnetic poles are perpendicular to each other. This could double actuate should a reed magnet be used on a Electronic switch and vise versa.
### Ordering Information

**Connector Style**

- 0 - Standard Cable Module (9 ft)
- 2 - 1/2" Conduit Hub
- 3 - 3 Pin Automotive Connector
- 4 - 5 Pin Automotive Connector
- 6 - 12 mm Quick Connect Male

Each switch supplied with clamp assembly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Switching Voltage</th>
<th>Switching Current</th>
<th>Switching Power</th>
<th>Switching Speed</th>
<th>Voltage Drop</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>Reed Switch, 2 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open SPST</td>
<td>0 - 240V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>30 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, LED, 2 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open SPST</td>
<td>5 - 240V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>30 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Reed Switch, 2 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Closed SPST</td>
<td>0 - 120V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>20 watts max.</td>
<td>1.0 ms operate</td>
<td>0.02 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>Reed Switch, LED, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Single Pole, Double Throw</td>
<td>5 - 120V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>20 watts max.</td>
<td>1.0 ms operate</td>
<td>0.02 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, LED, 2 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open TRIAC output</td>
<td>5 - 120V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>20 watts max.</td>
<td>1.0 ms operate</td>
<td>0.02 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>AC Electronic Sensor for Reed Magnets, LED, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open TRIAC output</td>
<td>12-24 VAC</td>
<td>600 mA max.</td>
<td>15 watts max.</td>
<td>1.5 μs operate</td>
<td>0.5 μs release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>AC Electronic Sensor for Reed Magnets, LED, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open TRIAC output</td>
<td>120 VAC</td>
<td>600 mA max.</td>
<td>72 watts max.</td>
<td>1.5 μs operate</td>
<td>0.5 μs release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, 2 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open TRIAC output</td>
<td>10 - 240 VAC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>4A@50% duty cycle max @ 25°C 2A continuous / 50A Inrush</td>
<td>100 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, LED, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open TRIAC output</td>
<td>10 - 50 VAC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>4A@50% duty cycle max @ 25°C 2A continuous / 50A Inrush</td>
<td>100 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, LED, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open TRIAC output</td>
<td>24 - 240 VAC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>4A@50% duty cycle max @ 25°C 2A continuous / 50A Inrush</td>
<td>100 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, 2 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Closed TRIAC output</td>
<td>10-120 VAC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>4A@50% duty cycle max @ 25°C 2A continuous / 50A Inrush</td>
<td>100 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Reed Switch, MOV, LED, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Closed TRIAC output</td>
<td>10-120 VAC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>4A@50% duty cycle max @ 25°C 2A continuous / 50A Inrush</td>
<td>100 watts max.</td>
<td>0.6 ms operate</td>
<td>0.05 ms release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Electronic Sensor for Reed Magnets, LED, Sourcing, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open PNP output</td>
<td>6 - 24 VDC</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>24 watts max.</td>
<td>1.5 μs operate</td>
<td>0.5 μs release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Electronic Sensor for Reed Magnets, LED, Sourcing, 3 Wire</td>
<td>Normally Open NPN output</td>
<td>6 - 24 VDC</td>
<td>1 Amp max.</td>
<td>24 watts max.</td>
<td>1.5 μs operate</td>
<td>0.5 μs release</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Canfield preferred item (Lead times are generally less)

### Warranty

All products manufactured by Canfield Connector are warranted by Canfield Connector to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the purchase date. Canfield Connector's obligation under this warranty is limited to repair or replacement of the defective product or refund of the purchase price paid solely at the discretion of Canfield Connector and provided such defective product is returned to Canfield Connector freight prepaid and upon examination by Canfield Connector such product is found defective. This warranty shall be void in the event that product has been subject to misuse, misapplication, improper maintenance, or tampering. This warranty is expressed in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied from Canfield Connector representatives or employees.

*Canadian Standards Association for use with certified electrical equipment.*

Form # A56-2001 Rev. 05
### Trouble Shooting Notes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Problem</strong></th>
<th><strong>Solution</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reed Switch Models</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Reed Switch works but LED does not light                                   | 1. Check current draw of load. It must be > 5 mA for LED to light.  
2. Check polarity: Red (+) and Black (-) if using DC power supply. |
| Reed switch sticks in closed position.                                      | 1. Check current draw, power/VA and voltage of load and compare with specs of the appropriate model sensor. These cannot be exceeded. 
2. Voltage/Current spikes may be excessive for your particular load. External transient suppression may be required. 
3. Long wire runs (greater than 25') can cause capacitance build-up and sticking will result. |
| Current or voltage leakage when reed switch is off.                        | 1. Check current, power/VA and voltage rating of load and compare with specs of appropriate model sensor. Those cannot be exceeded. 
2. Reed element was damaged. Consult factory. |
| Reed switch will not turn on.                                               | 1. Check magnet strength on surface of sensor. It must be >85 Gauss.  
2. Switch is damaged. Consult factory.  
3. Check for proper wiring. |
| Reed switch turns on more than once as magnet passes beneath it.            | 1. Check for proper magnet polarity. The poles must be parallel to the switch as shown in the wiring diagram.  
2. Check for dead spots on the magnet if polarity is correct.               |
| **Electronic Models**                                                       |                                                                                                                                            |
| Electronic switch always stays on.                                         | 1. Power supply exceeds 24 VDC. Regulate if possible.  
2. Switch is wired incorrectly. Check wiring diagram.  
3. Switch was damaged possibly by transients, or excessive current draw. Consult factory. |
| Electronic switch will not turn on.                                        | 1. Check magnet strength on surface of sensor. It must be > 40 Gauss for type 11 & 12 and >85 Gauss for all others.  
2. Check for proper wiring.  
3. Switch is damaged. Consult factory. |
| Electronic switch turns on more than once as magnet passes beneath it.      | 1. Check polarity of the magnet. The poles should be oriented as shown in the wiring diagram.  
2. Check for dead spots on the magnet if polarity is correct.               |
| Current or voltage leakage when Electronic switch is off.                  | 1. Check current and voltage rating of load, and compare with specs of appropriate model sensor. Ratings cannot be exceeded.  
2. Check for proper wiring.                                                 |
SERIES 7000 TYPE 04 & 09 REED SWITCH

Wiring Diagram

*Load can be connected as sinking or sourcing.
Power Supply Polarity MUST be observed for proper operation on DC supplies.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Switch Type</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Switching Voltage</th>
<th>Switching Current</th>
<th>Switching Power</th>
<th>Voltage Drop</th>
<th>** Magnetic Sensitivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04 Reed Switch, MOV &amp; LED</td>
<td>Normally Open SPST</td>
<td>5 - 240V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp Max, 0.05 Amps Min.</td>
<td>30 watts Max.</td>
<td>3 Volts</td>
<td>85 Ga.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09 Reed Switch, MOV &amp; LED</td>
<td>Normally Closed SPST</td>
<td>5 - 120V AC/DC 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>1 Amp Max, 0.05 Amps Min.</td>
<td>20 watts Max.</td>
<td>3 Volts</td>
<td>85 Ga.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Minimum Glass rating required for proper operation; as measured on sensor surface.**